

In the Claims

1. (currently amended) Device for non-contact transmission of electrical signals and/or energy between at least two parts mobile relative to each other, wherein comprising a plurality of defined electromagnetic coupler elements is provided on the at least two parts between which signals and/or energy is to be communicated, with the a near field of these coupler elements causing the non-contact transmission; wherein characterised in that each of said coupler elements, which are provided on at least one part, comprises at least one resonator consisting of including a single element which is able to resonate per se and independently of the other coupler elements, and which has a resonance frequency approximately equal to the frequency of the signals or energy to be transmitted, and
—that the individual resonators are connected to each other via a line which is terminated in a manner free from reflection.
2. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, characterised in that wherein said at least one resonator or resonators is/are is a resonating cavity cavities, a line resonators, a dielectric, a ferromagnetic and/or a piezoelectric resonators.
3. (currently amended) Device for non-contact transmission of electrical signals and/or energy between at least two parts mobile relative to each other, wherein comprising a plurality of defined electromagnetic coupler elements is provided on the at least two parts between which signals and/or energy is to be communicated, with the a near field of these coupler elements causing the non-contact transmission; wherein characterised in that said coupler elements on at least one part - form a conductor structure configured as a cascade circuit which is terminated in a manner free from reflection; and

—~~that each coupler element, independently of the other coupler elements, is a resonance system resonator~~ having a resonance frequency higher than ~~a~~ the highest frequency of the wide-band signals to be transmitted.

4. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 3, ~~wherein characterised in that the a system formed by said coupler elements presents has~~ a low-pass characteristic.
5. (currently amended) Device according to claim 3 ~~wherein characterised in that said conductor structure in its entirety is not capable of resonating.~~
6. (currently amended) Device according to claim 4 ~~3, wherein characterised in that each coupler element able to resonate consists of comprises~~ an element including at least one component producing an inductive and capacitive effect, and ~~a following that the joining coupler element taps a the voltage or a the current, respectively, on from~~ at least one reactive dummy element of ~~a~~ the preceding coupler element as an input signal.
7. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 6, ~~wherein characterised in that each coupler element is composed of at least one, preferably a single, inductor inductance and at least one capacitor.~~
8. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 7, ~~wherein characterised in that the individual inductances inductors of the various coupler elements of one part are connected in series.~~
9. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 ~~8, wherein characterised in that a continuous conductor line forms the individual inductances inductors of the respective coupler elements.~~

10. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 9, wherein characterised in that the capacitors are configured as flat conducting elements which are connected to said continuous conductor line via branch lines or are directly joined to the conductor line laterally.
11. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 10, wherein characterised in that flat conducting elements are provided on either side of said continuous conductor line.
12. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 6, wherein characterised in that said components producing an inductive and capacitive effect inductors or capacitors are configured as structures of a printed circuit board.
13. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 12, wherein characterised in that said printed circuit board is a flexible board.
14. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 13, wherein characterised in that said printed circuit board is provided with slots.
15. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 6, wherein characterised in that said components producing an inductive and capacitive effect inductors and/or capacitors are discrete elements.
16. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that several a plurality of coupler elements tuned to different frequency ranges are disposed to be spatially close to each other in a close three-dimensional relationship such that to provide a coupler structure is achieved which is tuned to these frequency ranges.
17. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 16, wherein characterised in that said coupler structure is symmetrical.

18. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 12, wherein characterised in that conductor structures with a grounded surface, capacitors and/or inductors are provided on either side of a printed circuit board.
19. (withdrawn)
20. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that coupler elements provided on all parts are able to resonate and are matched with each other are provided on all parts.
21. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that coupler elements on one part are able to resonate are provided on one part, and that coupler elements on other parts are conventional coupler elements transmitters or receivers are provided as coupler elements on the other parts.
22. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 21, wherein characterised in that the conventional coupler elements are selected from the group consisting of said transmitters or receivers, respectively, comprise coils, ferrite cores, and/or capacitors and antennas.
23. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that the line systems serving to supply signals or the energy to be transmitted for supply or the line systems, respectively, which serve to or pass on the transmitted signals or the energy are shielded and thus designs de-coupled from said coupler elements.
24. (withdrawn)

25. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that said coupler elements are so designed to have that they adjust themselves in terms of their electrical characteristics which are adjusted to an to their operating point only by the dielectric or magnetic characteristics of an approaching coupler element.
26. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that the coupling of said coupler elements to said a line system serving to supply transmitted signal or energy is performed by additional active or passive devices such as amplifiers and/or semiconductor switches.
27. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that said coupler elements are shielded from the environment by a shield made of an electrically conductive material.
28. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that signals or energy are supplied to said coupler elements are supplied by a switching or amplifying element.
29. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 28, wherein characterised in that an additional signalling a signaling means is provided which generates a regenerative coupling signal for said switching or amplifying element, on the basis of from voltages and currents of the resonators resonant elements, such that an oscillation will occur on at least one resonance frequency.
30. (withdrawn)
31. (withdrawn)
32. (withdrawn)

33. (withdrawn)

34. (withdrawn)

35. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that said parts mobile adapted to be moved relative to each other perform a rotational rotating movement.

36. (currently amended) Device according to Claim 4 3, wherein characterised in that said parts mobile adapted to be moved relative to each other perform a translational movement.

37. (new) An apparatus for non-contact transmission of electrical energy between a movable part and a stationary part comprising:

at least two coupler elements provided on one of the two parts;

each coupler element having a resonator;

a line coupling each of said resonators to each other, said line being terminated such that signal reflections are substantially eliminated;

wherein each resonator comprises a single element which resonates independent of the other resonators at a resonant frequency that is approximately equal to a frequency of the transmitted electrical energy.

38. (new) The apparatus according to claim 37 further comprising a electrical energy source wherein at least one of the two parts comprises a conductor structure having a symmetrical configuration with a first and a second line coupled to the electrical energy source.

39. (new) The apparatus according to claim 38 wherein the first and second lines supply electrical energy to at least a first coupler element and to at least a second coupler element, the electrical energy comprising differential signals.

40. (new) The apparatus according to claim 37 further comprising:
a second coupler element positioned on the part opposed to the part said at least two coupler elements are positioned on;
an activator unit provided with said second coupler element, said activator unit activating one of the at least two coupler elements when the second coupler element moves into proximity with one of the at least two coupler elements.

41. (new) An apparatus for non-contact transmission of electrical energy between a first movable part and a second stationary part comprising:

at least two electromagnetic coupler elements provided on one of the two parts;
each coupler element having a resonator;
said at least two electromagnetic coupler elements forming a conductor structure comprising a cascade circuit, which is terminated such that signal reflections are substantially eliminated;
wherein each resonator comprises a single element which resonates independent of the other resonators at a resonant frequency that is higher than a highest frequency of the transmitted electrical energy.

42. (new) The apparatus according to claim 41 further comprising a electrical energy source wherein at least one of the two parts comprises a conductor structure having a symmetrical configuration with a first and a second line coupled to the electrical energy source.

43. (new) The apparatus according to claim 42 wherein the first and second lines supply electrical energy to at least a first coupler element and to at least a second coupler element, the electrical energy comprising differential signals.

44. (new) The apparatus according to claim 41 further comprising:
a second coupler element positioned on the part opposed to the part said at least two coupler elements are positioned on;
an activator unit provided with said second coupler element, said activator unit activating one of the at least two coupler elements when the second coupler element moves into proximity with one of the at least two coupler elements.